## [2017 New 2017 100% Valid 70-762 Dumps Guarantee 100% Pass 70-762 Certification Exam (1-15)

2017 April Microsoft Official New Released 70-762 Dumps in Lead2pass.com! 100% Free Download! 100% Pass Guaranteed! I'm currently studying for Microsoft exam 70-762 I do enjoy studying for exams. It's hard, but it's an excellent forcing function. I learn bits and pieces here and there now and then about this and that, but when I have an exam schedule for a set date, I have to study! And not only do I put in more hours, but I follow a more systematic approach. In this article, I'm going to share Lead2pass braindumps in case you too are studying and this method works for you. Following questions and answers are all new published by Microsoft Official Exam Center: http://www.lead2pass.com/70-762.html QUESTION 1You have a database that contains the following tables: BlogCategory, BlogEntry, ProductReview, Product, and SalesPerson. The tables were created using the following Transact SQL statements: You must modify the ProductReview Table to meet the following requirements: 1. The table must reference the ProductID column in the Product table2. Existing records in the ProductReview table must not be validated with the Product table.3. Deleting records in the Product table must not be allowed if records are referenced by the ProductReview table.4. Changes to records in the Product table must propagate to the ProductReview table. You also have the following database tables: Order, ProductTypes, and SalesHistory. The transact-SOL statements for these tables are not available. You must modify the Orders table to meet the following requirements: 1. Create new rows in the table without granting INSERT permissions to the table.2. Notify the sales person who places an order whether or not the order was completed. You must add the following constraints to the SalesHistory table: - a constraint on the SaleID column that allows the field to be used as a record identifier - a constant that uses the ProductID column to reference the Product column of the ProductTypes table - a constraint on the CategoryID column that allows one row with a null value in the column - a constraint that limits the Sale Price column to values greater than four Finance department users must be able to retrieve data from the SalesHistory table for sales persons where the value of the SalesYTD column is above a certain threshold. You plan to create a memory-optimized table named SalesOrder. The table must meet the following requirements: - The table must hold 10 million unique sales orders.- The table must use checkpoints to minimize 1/0 operations and must not use transaction logging.- Data loss is acceptable. Performance for queries against the SalesOrder table that use Where clauses with exact equality operations must be optimized. You need to modify the design of the Orders table. What should you create? A. a stored procedure with the RETURN statementB. a FOR UPDATE triggerC. an AFTER UPDATE triggerD. a user defined function Answer: A OUESTION 2You are developing and application to track customer sales. You need to create an object that meet the following requirements: - Run managed code packaged in an assembly that was created in the Microsoft.NET Framework and uploaded in Microsoft SQL Server.- Run written a transaction and roll back if a future occurs.- Run when a table is created or modified. What should you create? A. extended procedureB. CLR procedureC. user-defined procedureD. DML triggerE. scalar-valued functionF. table-valued function Answer: C QUESTION 3Hotspot QuestionYou have a database that contains the following tables: BlogCategory, BlogEntry, ProductReview, Product, and SalesPerson. The tables were created using the following Transact SQL statements: You must modify the ProductReview Table to meet the following requirements: 1. The table must reference the ProductID column in the Product table2. Existing records in the ProductReview table must not be validated with the Product table.3. Deleting records in the Product table must not be allowed if records are referenced by the ProductReview table.4. Changes to records in the Product table must propagate to the ProductReview table. You also have the following database tables: Order, ProductTypes, and SalesHistory. The transact-SOL statements for these tables are not available. You must modify the Orders table to meet the following requirements: 1. Create new rows in the table without granting INSERT permissions to the table. 2. Notify the sales person who places an order whether or not the order was completed. You must add the following constraints to the SalesHistory table:- a constraint on the SaleID column that allows the field to be used as a record identifier - a constant that uses the ProductID column to reference the Product column of the ProductTypes table - a constraint on the CategoryID column that allows one row with a null value in the column - a constraint that limits the Sale Price column to values greater than four Finance department users must be able to retrieve data from the SalesHistory table for sales persons where the value of the SalesYTD column is above a certain threshold. You plan to create a memory-optimized table named SalesOrder. The table must meet the following requirements: - The table must hold 10 million unique sales orders.- The table must use checkpoints to minimize 1/0 operations and must not use transaction logging.- Data loss is acceptable. Performance for queries against the SalesOrder table that use where clauses with exact equality operations must be optimized. You need to update the SalesHistory table. How should you complete the Transact\_SQL statement? To answer? select the appropriate TransactSOL, segments in the answer area. Answer: QUESTION 4Drag and Drop QuestionYou are analyzing the performance of a database environment. You suspect there are several missing indexes in the current database. You need to return a prioritized list of the missing indexes on the current database. How

should you complete the Transact-SOL statement? To answer, drag the appropriate Transact-SOL segments to the correct location s. Each Transact-SOL segment may be used once, more than once or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content. Answer: QUESTION 5Drag and Drop QuestionYou are monitoring a Microsoft Azure SQL Database. The database is experiencing high CPU consumption. You need to determine which query uses the most cumulative CPU. How should you complete the Transact-SOL statement? To answer, drag the appropriate Transact-SOL segments to the correct locations. Each Transact-SOL segment may be used once, more than one or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content. Answer: QUESTION 6Drag and Drop QuestionYou are analyzing the memory usage of a Microsoft SQL Server instance. You need to obtain the information described on the following table. Which performance counter should you use for each requirement? To answer, drag the appropriate performance counters to the correct requirements. Each performance counter may be used once, more than once or not at all. You may need to drag the split bat between panes or scroll to view content. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point. Answer: QUESTION 7You have a view that includes an aggregate. You must be able to change the values of columns in the view. The changes must be reflected in the tables that the view uses. You need to ensure that you can update the view.What should you create? A. table-valued functionB. a schema-bound viewC. a partitioned viewD. a DML trigger Answer: B QUESTION 8Drag and Drop QuestionYou are creating a stored procedure which will insert data into the table shown in the Database schema exhibit. (Click the exhibit button.) You need to insert a new customer record into the tables as a single unit of work. Which five Transact-SOL segments should you use to develop the solution? To answer, move the appropriate Transact-SOL segments to the answer area and arrange the, in the correct order. NOTE: More than one order of answer choices is correct. You will receive credit for any of the correct orders you select. Answer: QUESTION 9You are a database developer for a company. The company has a server that has multiple physical disks. The disks are not part of a RAID array. The server hosts three Microsoft SQL Server instances. There are many SQL jobs that run during off-peak hours. You must monitor and optimize the SQL Server to maximize throughput, response time, and overall SQL performance. You need to identify previous situations where a modification has prevented queries from selecting data in tables. What should you do? A. Create a sys.dm os waiting tasks query. B. Create a sys.dm\_exec\_sessions query.C. Create a Performance Monitor Data Collector Set.D. Create a sys.dm\_os\_memory\_objects query.E. Create a sp\_configure 'max server memory' query.F. Create a SQL Profiler trace.G. Create a sys.dm\_os\_wait\_stats query.H. Create an Extended Event. Answer: G QUESTION 10You are a database developer for a company. The company has a server that has multiple physical disks. The disks are not part of a RAID array. The server hosts three Microsoft SOL Server instances. There are many SOL jobs that run during off-peak hours. You observe that many deadlocks appear to be happening during specific times of the day. You need to monitor the SQL environment and capture the information about the processes that are causing the deadlocks. What should you do? A. A. Create a sys.dm os waiting ta sks query.B. Create a sys.dm exec sessions query.C. Create a PerformanceMonitor Data Collector Set.D. Create a sys.dm os memory objects query.

Create an Extended Event. Answer: F QUESTION 11You are a database developer for a company. he company has a server that has multiple physical disks. The disks are not part of a RAID array. The server hosts three Microsoft SQL Server instances. There are many SQL jobs that run during off-peak hours. You must monitor the SQL Server instances in real time and optimize the server to maximize throughput, response time, and overall SQL performance. What should you do? A. A. Create asys.dm\_os\_waiting\_tasks query.B. Create a sys.dm\_exec\_sessions query.C. Create a Performance Monitor Data Collector Set.D. Create a sys.dm\_os\_memory\_objects query.E. Create a sp\_configure 'max server memory' query.F. Create a SQL Profiler trace.G. Create a sys.dm\_os\_wait\_stats query.H. Create an Extended Event. Answer: B QUESTION 12You are a database developer for a company. The company has a server that has multiple physical disks. The disks are not part of a RAID array. The server hosts three Microsoft SQL Server instances. There are many SQL jobs that run during off-peak hours. You must monitor the SQL Server instances in real time and optimize the server to maximize throughput, response time, and overall SQL performance. You need to ensure that the performance of each instance is consistent for the same queried and query plans. What should you do? A. Create a sys.dm\_os\_waiting\_tasks query.B. Create a sys.dm\_exec\_sessions query.C. Create a Performance Monitor Data Collector Set.D.

E. Create a sp\_configure 'max server memory' query.F. Create a SQL Profiler tra ce.G. Create a sys.dm\_os\_wait\_stats query.H.

Create a sys.dm\_os\_memory\_objects query.E. Create a sp\_conftgure 'max server memory' query.F. Create aSQL Profiler trace. G. Create asys.dm\_os\_wait\_stats query.H. Create an Extended Event. Answer: H QUESTION 13You are a database developer for a company. The company has a server that has multiple physical disks. The disks are not part of a RAID array. The server hosts three Microsoft SQL Server instances.There are many SQL jobs that run during off-peak hours.You must monitor the SQL Server instances in real time and optimize the server to maximize throughput, response time, and overall SQL performance.You need to collect query performance data while minimizing the performance impact on the SQL Server.What should you do? A. Create a sys.dm\_os\_waiting\_tasks query.B. Create a sys.dm\_exec\_sessions query.C. Create a Performance Monitor Data CollectorSet.D. Create a sys.dm\_os\_memory\_objects query.E. Create a sp\_configure 'max server memory' query.F. Create a SQL Profiler trace. G. Create a sys.dm\_os\_wait\_stats query.H. Create an Extended Event. Answer: C QUESTION 14You are a database developer for a company. The company has a server that has multiple physical disks. The disks are not part of a RAID array. The server hosts three Microsoft SQL Server instances.There are many SQL jobs that run during off-peak hours.You must monitor the SQL Server instances in real time and optimize the server to maximize throughput, response time, and overall SQL performance.You need to create a baseline set of metrics to report how the computer running SQL Server operates under normal load. The baseline must include the resource usage associated with the server processes.What should you do? A. A. Create a sys.dm\_os\_waiting\_tasks query.B. Create a sys.dm\_exec\_sessions query.C. Create a Performance Monitor Data Collector Set.D. Create a sys.dm\_os\_memory\_objects query.E. Create a sp\_configure 'max server memory' query.F. Create a SQL Profiler trace.G. Create asys.dm\_os\_wait\_stats query.H. Create an Extended Event. Answer: D QUESTION 15Hotspot QuestionYou have a database named Sales.You need to create a table named Customer that includes the columns described in the following table: How should you complete the Transact SQL statement? To answer, select the appropriate TransactSOL segments in the answer area. Answer: If you want to prepare for 70-762 exam in shortest time, with minimum effort but for most effective result, you can use Lead2pass 70-762 dump which simulates the actual testing environment and allows you to focus on various sections of 70-762 exam. Best of luck! Microsoft 70-762 new questions on Google Drive:

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